SIHMDS-AG: Policy for Undertaking Diagnostic Tests in SIHMDS-AG

Principle of this Policy

For the provision of a consistently high-quality Molecular Genetics and Cytogenetics service, it is essential that appropriate samples are sent for testing, and that they arrive in good condition, safely and promptly with the correct documentation.

Clinical review of all examinations undertaken in SIHMDS-AG is done every six months when Clinical Lead of SIHMDS, Clinical Lead of Neuropathology and Lead Clinical Scientist for SIHMDS-AG meet.

Implementation

The implementation of this policy is the responsibility of the SIHMDS-AG Section Leads. All staff working within the department are expected to always treat clients with respect and courtesy.

Who the policy effects

This policy affects all Scientific, Support and Clinical staff in SIHMDS-AG.

Procedure of this Policy

Service times

Weekdays

Monday to Friday 9am to 5.30pm

Weekends and Out-of-Hours

There is no routine service at weekends or out-of-hours; however, samples requiring special attention may be arranged in advance by contacting the department.

Public Holidays

The department is staffed on Bank Holiday Mondays, Good Friday and Easter Monday for processing cytogenetic samples set up previously. Samples for molecular genetic analysis will not be processed out of hours unless prior arrangements have been made. Special arrangements are in place at Christmas and New Year, details of which can be obtained by contacting the department.

Clinical advice

Clinical advice on ordering of examinations and on further interpretation of examination results is available during core working hours. Please telephone the SIHMDS laboratory office (ext 5771)

Review of complaints and incidents

All complaints regarding the implementation of this policy should be directed to the Head of Section. Complaints will then be channelled through the Trust's complaints procedure. An incident should be reported on the Datix system for all adverse events that may impact on patients and/or staff.

Patient consent

Informed consent from the patient for the test(s) will be assumed on receipt of the test request. Patients must be made aware that any extracted DNA/RNA will be stored in the

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department. The stored material will not be used for any purpose requiring patient consent as detailed by the Human Tissue Act (HTA), however it may be used for Quality Control or test validation.

Data protection

Everyone working for the NHS who records, handles, stores or otherwise comes across patient information has a personal common law duty of confidence to patients and to his or her employer. This duty of confidence continues even after death of the patient or after an employee or contractor has left the Trust.

All staff in SIHMDS-AG work in accordance with the Trust confidentiality policy and undergo regular mandatory training on information governance. The policy is available on request.

Samples sent to SIHMDS-AG

Samples should be sent promptly, as delays may result in test failure. This may be due to

- A lack of dividing cells in the sample; this is especially the case for ALL samples.
- The integrity of RNA in the sample starts to deteriorate as soon as the sample is taken, samples for RNA analysis should reach the department as soon as possible. Samples older than 72 hours will be compromised, may lead to analysis failure, and will be rejected.

Samples must be labelled with at least three unique identifiers.

Samples sent internally from Great Ormond Street Hospital (GOSH)

Samples are, at present, sent directly to the SIHMDS-AG laboratory or via the Blood Sciences laboratory, located in the Camelia Botnar Laboratories, Great Ormond Street Hospital

FFPE tissue samples or frozen tumour samples from Histopathology (GOSH)

Solid tumour samples, either frozen tissue, touch imprints, FFPE sections mounted on slides or FFPE rolled sections, are sent from the Department of Histopathology, Great Ormond Street Hospital, located in the Camelia Botnar Laboratories.

Bone marrow and blood samples from UCLH

SIHMDS-AG at GOSH now accepts Blood, bone marrow or DNA samples from ULCH patients on AllTogether trial for Cytogenetic analysis and molecular genetics analyses.

External Hospital Samples

Samples from external hospitals are, at present, sent by courier or Royal mail post to the SIHMDS-AG laboratories and are received in the booking-in area Y5023.

Samples should be sent to:

SIHMDS-Acquired Genomics Laboratory NHS North Thames Genomic Laboratory Hub Great Ormond Street Hospital for Children NHS Foundation Trust Levels 5, Barclay House, 37 Queen Square, London WC1N 3BH

Tel: 020 7405 9200 x5771/ x5755

Email: gos-tr.pmu@nhs.net

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Sample types and transport media

Samples for Cytogenetic analysis

Bone marrow specimens should be collected into a Lithium Heparin tube.

Peripheral blood should be sent in a Lithium Heparin tube.

Haemato-oncology samples:

- Cytogenetics: Karyotype testing (chromosome analysis)
 - o 1-5 mls whole blood or bone marrow in preservative free heparin for cell culture
- Cytogenetics: FISH testing:
 - 1-5 mls whole blood or bone marrow in preservative free heparin for cell culture
 - Smear slides peripheral blood or bone marrow,
 - FFPE/touch imprint slides.
 - CSF cytospin slides if CNS involved
- Molecular genetics: RNA and DNA NGS panel testing, targeted molecular testing:
 - 1-5 mls whole blood or bone marrow in EDTA or ACD
 - o Frozen mononuclear cells for nucleic acid extraction only
 - o CSF if CNS involved
 - Solid tissue (FFPE /frozen) e.g. testicular relapse
 - o DNA, RNA, cDNA

Solid Tumour Samples

The laboratory accepts fresh tissue biopsies and Fresh fixed paraffin embedded (FFPE) tissue samples. Infiltrated bone marrow samples may be used for testing in exceptional circumstances where a solid tumour sample is not available and only upon request of the clinician. See below for sample-specific and testing requirements:

Fresh tissue

Fresh tissue biopsies should be taken into sterile saline; under no account should formalin be used. Snap frozen tissue samples are also accepted. Acceptable samples include:

- a) Biopsy material
- b) Tumour excision material

Every care should be taken to ensure that specimens sent to the SIHMDS-AG laboratory contain viable tumour material.

For FISH testing, touch imprint slides should be made from fresh tissue in saline.

For testing of extracted DNA fresh tissue in saline or frozen tissue should be sent.

Samples for RNA extraction should be sent frozen on dry ice to retain the integrity of the RNA. These frozen samples are immediately transferred to the -80°C freezer in the extraction bay, room Y5017 until further processing

FFPE material

Fresh fixed paraffin embedded (FFPE) tissue samples are acceptable for FISH and Molecular Genetics studies.

For FISH testing, sections should be cut at 3um and mounted on a slide.

For molecular genetics testing (i.e. testing of DNA and RNA), rolled FFPE sections should be cut at 5-10um and a minimum of 5 rolled sections should be placed in a DNase/RNase free 1.5ml microcentrifuge tube. If RNA and DNA are to be extracted at least two aliquots of rolled sections should be sent.

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- FISH testing:
 - o FFPE slides/touch imprint slides
- Molecular genetics testing (DNA/RNA):
 - o FFPE rolled sections, fresh frozen tissue in saline, infiltrated bone marrow (EDTA)

External samples

Blood and Bone marrow samples should be collected into an EDTA tube for Molecular Genetic studies and a lithium heparin tube for Cytogenetics analysis. They should be sent to SIHMDS-AG as soon as possible, a referral form with a contact name, nhs.net email address and telephone number should be included.

DNA/RNA samples may be sent for Molecular genetic testing, indication of which laboratory extracted the nucleic acids should be included.

Other sample types

Other sample types such as Pleural Fluid, ascetic fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, cytospin cells, bone marrow or blood smears are accepted by prior agreement.

Where samples are received from patients who did not have their diagnostic cytogenetic testing performed at GOSH, every effort should be made to acquire a copy of the diagnostic cytogenetic report.

All samples should be booked in for the relevant cytogenetic and molecular tests. Cultures, nucleic acid extractions and tests are requested by the duty scientist; refer to section 7 – Testing strategy below and to RGS LAB9601: *Duty Scientist role*.

Unlabelled Specimens

Unlabelled specimens are not accepted for non-invasive samples, however; in exceptional circumstances unlabelled invasive specimens that cannot be re-sampled may be accepted. Unlabelled invasive specimens may be verified in the laboratory by the requesting clinician by following RGS SAB9621: *Processing unlabelled invasive samples of bone marrow, solid tumour and Cerebro-spinal fluid.* The unlabelled specimen form RGF SAB0010: *Disclaimer Form for mislabelled/Unlabelled Samples*, available from Q-Pulse, must be signed and completed in addition to an incident form.

Sub-optimal specimens and rejection of samples

Many samples sent for Molecular genetic or cytogenetic testing will be material that cannot be re-sampled (e.g. bone marrow, tumour biopsies). For this reason, sub-optimal specimens, for example aged, clotted or haemodilute specimens, will not be rejected and every effort will be made to obtain a result. However, it should be noted that failure rates are higher for these types of specimen and results from any failed specimens will include a description of the sample quality in the report.

All bone marrow samples will be processed (culture set up and/or nucleic acid extracted) as the patient has undergone a surgical procedure to obtain the sample, and this is not easily repeatable.

The majority of high-risk samples can be processed in the laboratory, and in practice, these are usually not rejected. Refer to RGP HAS0006: Health and Safety Manual. Please contact senior laboratory staff for advice.

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If a sample may have to be rejected, the duty scientist will liaise with a Senior Scientist or Head of Section, contact the sender to inform them that the sample will not be set up and, where necessary, arrange for a resample. Any rejected samples should be booked-in and a full report written explaining why the sample has been rejected

Samples sent to SIHMDS-AG in error may be returned to the sender. Contact the referring lab/clinician and enquire whether to dispose of or return the sample. The duty scientist will liaise with the sender, who, where necessary, will arrange for a courier pick-up. The sample should be re-packaged securely and booked-in EPIC with a note that sample was received in error with details of when and to whom the sample was returned.

Accepted Referrals

Haematological Malignancy Samples

<u>All</u> paediatric haematological referrals on the National Genomic Test Directory for cancer are accepted for Cytogenetic and/or Molecular Genetics: RNA fusion panel is the default test for detection of fusion genes; FISH is only available for tests that are required for urgent treatment decisions or those where the result cannot be achieved in any other way.

Bone marrow is the preferred sample type. Peripheral blood specimens will be accepted at diagnosis or relapse if it is the appropriate sample type for the referral reason, or, if no bone marrow is available and there are sufficient numbers of circulating blasts in the patient's peripheral blood.

- Post-treatment remission samples will be accepted if a prior cytogenetic abnormality has been detected.
- Additionally, pleural fluid or cerebro-spinal fluid diagnostic and relapse specimens may be accepted.
- Infiltrating tumours

The main haemato-oncology investigations accepted by SIHMDS-AG include:

Haemato-oncolcogy:

Acute Lymphoblastic leukaemia (ALL)

B-ALL

- Rapid FISH for KMT2A rearrangement, BCR::ABL1 fusion, MYC rearrangement
- SNP array
- RNA fusion panel
- NGS panel

T-ALL

- RNA fusion panel
- NGS panel

Acute Myeloid Leukaemia (AML)

- FISH for KMT2A rearrangement, TP53 deletion, PML::RARA fusion (if indicated)
- Karyotype
- RNA fusion panel
- NGS panel

Transient abnormal Myelopoeisis (TAM)

• NGS panel (*GATA1* gene variants)

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Myeloid leukaemia with Down Syndrome (ML-DS)

- Karyotype
- NGS panel

Burkitt Lymphoma/Leukaemia, Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma (DLBCL), B-Non-Hodgkins Lymphoma (B-NHL)

- Rapid FISH for MYC, BCL2 and BCL6 rearrangements, 11q deletion/duplication (if indicated)
- NGS panel

Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML)

- Rapid FISH for BCR::ABL1 fusion
- Karyotype
- RNA fusion panel
- NGS panel
- MRD testing for BCR::ABL1 fusion transcript is performed at Imperial (Hammersmith Hospital)

Myeloproliferative Neoplasms (MPN)

- FISH for BCR::ABL1 fusion
- Hyper eosinophilia syndrome: FISH for FIP1L1::PDGFRA, PDGFRB and FGFR1
- Karyotype
- RNA fusion panel
- NGS panel

<u>Myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS)</u> *Blood samples are not appropriate for the assessment of MDS.

- Karyotype (MDS FISH panel for monosomy 5/7, deleted 5q/7q/20q, MECOM rearrangement if karyotype fails)
- RNA fusion panel
- NGS panel

Juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML)

- FISH for BCR::ABL1 fusion
- Karyotype (FISH for monosomy 7 if karyotype fails)
- NGS panel

Bone marrow failure (BMF)

Aplastic anaemia and neutropenia

- FISH for monosomy 5/7, deleted 5q/7q
- Karyotype
- NGS panel

Fanconi anaemia

- FISH for monosomy 1q, 3q and 7q
- Karyotype (bone marrow samples only)

Other BMF referrals may be sent for the BMF NGS panel at King's College Hospital.

Langerhans Cell Histiocytosis (LCH)

NGS panel

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.Post-bone marrow transplant (BMT) chimerism and maternal engraftment

FISH for chromosomes X and Y

All other paediatric haemato-oncology referrals

NGS panel and/or RNA fusion panel as indicated on the National Genomic Test Directory

Solid Tumour Samples

<u>All</u> paediatric solid tumour referrals on the National Genomic Test Directory for cancer are accepted for Cytogenetic and/or Molecular Genetics: Most solid tumour referrals received are sent for paediatric NGS panel and if requested, RNA fusion panel and methylation array. RNA fusion panel is the default test for the detection of fusion genes. FISH is only available for tests that are required for urgent treatment decisions or those where the result cannot be achieved in any other way.

The main solid tumour referrals accepted for investigation by SIHMDS-AG include:

- a) Diagnostic paediatric tumours
- b) Relapsed paediatric tumours

Sarcoma

RNA fusion panel

FISH testing may be performed in in exceptional and/or urgent cases:

Rhabdomyosarcoma	FOXO1 rearrangement
Ewings (PNET)	EWSR1 rearrangement
Synovial Sarcoma	SS18 (SYT) rearrangement
Infantile Fibrosarcoma/ Congenital Mesoblastic Nephroma	ETV6 rearrangement
Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (DFSP)	COL1A1-PDGFB

Medulloblastoma

- Rapid FISH for MYCN and MYC amplification
- NGS panel
- Methylation array

Neuroblastoma (NBL)

- Rapid FISH for MYCN amplification, 1p/q, 11q, 17q imbalance, TERT rearrangement
- SNP array
- NGS panel

Central Nervous System (CNS) tumours

- FISH for 1p/q and 19p/q (Oligodendroglioma only)
- RNA fusion panel
- NGS panel
- Methylation array

Refer to the National Genomic Test Directory for cancer which specifies the genomic tests commissioned by the NHS in England for cancer.

https://www.england.nhs.uk/publication/national-genomic-test-directories/

The list of genetic tests provided by SIHMDS-AG is continually evolving. Please see website North Thames Genomic Laboratory Hub – Bringing genomic research and testing together (norththamesglh.nhs.uk)

Please contact the laboratory directly for any enquiries regarding testing.

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Send away tests

Send away tests	Clinical indications	External referral centre	Comments
BCR::ABL MRD	M91.9 BCR-ABL ALL sendaway M84.2 BCR-ABL: CML sendaway	Imperial college, Hammersmith Hospital	BCR::ABL1 fusion transcript Analytical Report received
AML non-trial MRD	M80.14 AML MRD other qPCR	Dr Richard Dhillon Guy's Hospital	Fusion transcript Analytical Report received
BRAF KIT	M117.19 High sensitivity BRAF (LCH) M86.2 KIT D816 QF-PCR (SM/CM)	Royal Marsden	Analytical Report received
BMF panel	Acute Bone marrow failure (awaiting BMT)	Kings Royal Marsden	King's panel Send via GOSH RIDL. Analytical Report
	Non-urgent BMF	Kings	received (King's only)
NGS/RNA fusion panel	Haemato-oncology Solid tumour	Royal Marsden	Data received. Analysis of data performed at GOSH.

Tests offered and associated turnaround times

Please contact the laboratory for turnaround times (TAT) for specific tests.

Priority	Test	TAT
Very	Preliminary FISH for diagnostic acute leukaemia, Burkitt leukaemia and	3 days
Urgent	CML	
Urgent	Diagnostic testing for acute leukaemia only:	14 days
	• FISH	
	Karyotype (for Acute Myeloid Leukaemia only)	
	SNP array (for B-cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukaemia poor risk genetics)	
	only)	
Routine	Testing for all other haemato-oncology and solid tumour referrals:	21 days
	• FISH	
	Karyotype	
	SNP array	
	RNA fusion panel	
	NGS panel	
	Methylation array	

Measurement of Uncertainty (MUC)

Measurements of Uncertainty (MUC) values are not routinely included in reports, but the values are available upon request. MUC is used to indicate the confidence that the reported value is correct.